109TH CONGRESS 2D SESSION

H. R. 5318

To amend title 18, United States Code, to better assure cyber-security, and for other purposes.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

May 9, 2006

Mr. Sensenbrenner (for himself, Mr. Coble, Mr. Smith of Texas, Mr. Feeney, Mr. Schiff, and Ms. Pryce of Ohio) introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on the Judiciary

A BILL

To amend title 18, United States Code, to better assure cyber-security, and for other purposes.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.
- 4 This Act may be cited as the "Cyber-Security En-
- 5 hancement and Consumer Data Protection Act of 2006".
- 6 SEC. 2. PERSONAL ELECTRONIC RECORDS.
- 7 Section 1030(a)(2) of title 18, United States Code,
- 8 is amended—
- 9 (1) by striking "or" at the end of subparagraph
- 10 (B); and

1	(2) by adding at the end the following:
2	"(D) a means of identification (as defined
3	in section 1028(d)) from a protected computer;
4	or
5	"(E) the capability to gain access to or re-
6	motely control without authorization, a pro-
7	tected computer.".
8	SEC. 3. USE OF FULL INTERSTATE AND FOREIGN COM-
9	MERCE POWER FOR CRIMINAL PENALTIES.
10	(a) Broadening of Scope.—Section 1030(e)(2)(B)
11	of title 18, United States Code, is amended by inserting
12	"or affecting" after "which is used in".
13	(b) Elimination of Requirement of an Inter-
14	STATE OR FOREIGN COMMUNICATION FOR CERTAIN OF-
15	FENSES INVOLVING PROTECTED COMPUTERS.—Section
16	1030(a)(2)(C) of title 18, United States Code, is amended
17	by striking "if the conduct involved an interstate or for-
18	eign communication".
19	SEC. 4. RICO PREDICATES.
20	Section 1961(1)(B) of title 18, United States Code,
21	is amended by inserting "section 1030 (relating to fraud
22	and related activity in connection with computers)," before
23	"section 1084".

1 SEC. 5. CYBER-EXTORTION.

- 2 Section 1030(a)(7) of title 18, United States Code,
- 3 is amended by inserting ", or to access without authoriza-
- 4 tion or exceed authorized access to a protected computer"
- 5 after "cause damage to a protected computer".

6 SEC. 6. CONSPIRACY TO COMMIT CYBER-CRIMES.

- 7 Section 1030(b) of title 18, United States Code, is
- 8 amended by inserting "or conspires" after "attempts".

9 SEC. 7. NOTICE TO LAW ENFORCEMENT.

- 10 (a) Criminal Penalty for Failure to Notify
- 11 Law Enforcement.—Chapter 47 of title 18, United
- 12 States Code, is amended by adding at the end the fol-
- 13 lowing:

14 "§ 1039. Concealment of security breaches involving

15 personal information

- 16 "(a) Offense.—Whoever owns or possesses data in
- 17 electronic form containing a means of identification (as
- 18 defined in section 1028), having knowledge of a major se-
- 19 curity breach of the system containing such data main-
- 20 tained by such person, and knowingly fails to provide no-
- 21 tice of such breach to the United States Secret Service
- 22 or Federal Bureau of Investigation, with the intent to pre-
- 23 vent, obstruct, or impede a lawful investigation of such
- 24 breach, and if such breach causes a significant risk of
- 25 identity theft, shall be fined under this title, imprisoned
- 26 not more than 5 years, or both.

1	"(b) Definition.—As used in this section, the term
2	'major security breach' means any security breach—
3	"(1) whereby personal information pertaining to
4	10,000 or more individuals is, or is resonably be-
5	lieved to have been acquired;
6	"(2) involving databases owned by the Federal
7	Government; or
8	"(3) involving primarily data in electronic form
9	containing personal information of employees or con-
10	tractors of the Federal Government involved in Na-
11	tional security matters or law enforcement.".
12	(b) Rulemaking.—Within 180 days after the date
13	of enactment of this act, the Attorney General and Sec-
14	retary of Homeland Security shall jointly promulgate rules
15	and regulations, after adequate notice and an opportunity
16	for comment, as are reasonably necessary, governing the
17	form, content, and timing of the notices required pursuant
18	to section 1039 of title 18, U.S.C. Such rules and regula-
19	tions shall require that—
20	(1) such notice be provided to the United States
21	Secret Service or Federal Bureau of Investigation
22	before any notice of a breach is made to consumers
23	under State or Federal law, and within 14 days of
24	discovery of the breach;

(2) if the United States Secret Service or Federal Bureau of Investigation determines that any notice required to be made to consumers under State or Federal law would impede or compromise a criminal investigation or national security, the United States Secret Service or Federal Bureau of Investigation shall direct in writing within 7 days that such notice shall be delayed for 30 days, or until the United States Secret Service or Federal Bureau of Investigation determines that such notice will not impede or compromise a criminal investigation or national security; and

- (3) the United States Secret Service shall notify the Federal Bureau of Investigation, if the United States Secret Service determines that such breach may involve espionage, foreign counterintelligence, information protected against unauthorized disclosure for reasons of national defense or foreign relations, or Restricted Data (as that term is defined in section 11y of the Atomic Energy Act of 1954 (42 U.S.C. 2014(y))), except for offenses affecting the duties of the United States Secret Service under section 3056(a) of title 18, United States Code.
- 24 (c) Immunity From Lawsuit.—No cause of action 25 shall lie in any court against any law enforcement entity

- 1 or any person who notifies law enforcement of a security
- 2 breach pursuant to this section for any penalty, prohibi-
- 3 tion, or damages relating to the delay of notification for
- 4 law enforcement purposes under this Act.
- 5 (d) Civil Penalty for Failure to Notify.—
- 6 Whoever knowingly fails to give a notice required under
- 7 section 1039 of title 18, United States Code, shall be sub-
- 8 ject to a civil penalty of not more than \$50,000 for each
- 9 day of such failure, but not more than \$1,000,000.
- 10 (e) Clerical Amendment.—The table of sections
- 11 at the beginning of chapter 47 of title 18, United States
- 12 Code, is amended by adding at the end the following new
- 13 item:

"1039. Concealment of security breaches involving personal information.".

14 SEC. 8. PENALTIES FOR SECTION 1030 VIOLATIONS.

- 15 Subsection (c) of section 1030 of title 18, United
- 16 States Code, is amended to read as follows:
- 17 "(c)(1) The punishment for an offense under sub-
- 18 section (a) or (b) is a fine under this title or imprisonment
- 19 for not more than 30 years, or both.
- 20 "(2) The court, in imposing sentence for an offense
- 21 under subsection (a) or (b), shall, in addition to any other
- 22 sentence imposed and irrespective of any provision of
- 23 State law, order that the person forfeit to the United
- 24 States—

"(A) the person's interest in any personal property that was used or intended to be used to commit or to facilitate the commission of such violation; and "(B) any property, real or personal, constituting or derived from, any proceeds the person obtained, directly or indirectly, as a result of such violation.".

8 SEC. 9. DIRECTIVE TO SENTENCING COMMISSION.

- 9 (a) Directive.—Pursuant to its authority under section 994(p) of title 28, United States Code, and in ac-10 cordance with this section, the United States Sentencing 12 Commission shall forthwith review its guidelines and policy statements applicable to persons convicted of offenses under sections 1028, 1028A, 1030, 1030A, 2511 and 14 15 2701 of title 18, United States Code and any other relevant provisions of law, in order to reflect the intent of 16 17 Congress that such penalties be increased in comparison 18 to those currently provided by such guidelines and policy 19 statements.
- 20 (b) REQUIREMENTS.—In determining its guidelines 21 and policy statements on the appropriate sentence for the 22 crimes enumerated in paragraph (a), the Commission shall 23 consider the extent to which the guidelines and policy 24 statements may or may not account for the following fac-25 tors in order to create an effective deterrent to computer

1	crime and the theft or misuse of personally identifiable
2	data—
3	(1) the level of sophistication and planning in-
4	volved in such offense;
5	(2) whether such offense was committed for
6	purpose of commercial advantage or private financial
7	benefit;
8	(3) the potential and actual loss resulting from
9	the offense;
10	(4) whether the defendant acted with intent to
11	cause either physical or property harm in commit-
12	ting the offense;
13	(5) the extent to which the offense violated the
14	privacy rights of individuals;
15	(6) the effect of the offense upon the operations
16	of a government agency of the United States, or of
17	a State or local government;
18	(7) whether the offense involved a computer
19	used by the government in furtherance of national
20	defense, national security or the administration of
21	justice;
22	(8) whether the offense was intended to, or had
23	the effect of significantly interfering with or dis-
24	rupting a critical infrastructure;

1	(9) whether the offense was intended to, or had
2	the effect of creating a threat to public health or
3	safety, injury to any person, or death; and
4	(10) whether the defendant purposefully in-
5	volved a juvenile in the commission of the offense to
6	avoid punishment.
7	(c) Additional Requirements.—In carrying out
8	this section, the Commission shall—
9	(1) assure reasonable consistency with other
10	relevant directives and with other sentencing guide-
11	lines;
12	(2) account for any additional aggravating or
13	mitigating circumstances that might justify excep-
14	tions to the generally applicable sentencing ranges;
15	(3) make any conforming changes to the sen-
16	tencing guidelines; and
17	(4) assure that the guidelines adequately meet
18	the purposes of sentencing as set forth in section
19	3553(a)(2) of title 18, United States Code.
20	SEC. 10. ADDITIONAL FUNDING FOR RESOURCES TO INVES-
21	TIGATE AND PROSECUTE CRIMINAL ACTIV-
22	ITY INVOLVING COMPUTERS.
23	(a) Additional Funding for Resources.—
24	(1) Authorization.—In addition to amounts
25	otherwise authorized for resources to investigate and

1	prosecute criminal activity involving computers,
2	there are authorized to be appropriated for each of
3	the fiscal years 2007 through 2011—
4	(A) \$10,000,000 to the Director of the
5	United States Secret Service;
6	(B) \$10,000,000 to the Attorney General
7	for the Criminal Division of the Department of
8	Justice; and
9	(C) \$10,000,000 to the Director of the
10	Federal Bureau of Investigation.
11	(2) AVAILABILITY.—Any amounts appropriated
12	under paragraph (1) shall remain available until ex-
13	pended.
14	(b) Use of Additional Funding.—Funds made
15	available under subsection (a) shall be used by the director
16	of the United States Secret Service, the Director of the
17	Federal Bureau of Investigation, and the Attorney Gen-
18	eral, for the United States Secret Service, the Federal Bu-
19	reau of Investigation, and the criminal division of the De-
20	partment of Justice, respectively, to—
21	(1) hire and train law enforcement officers to—
22	(A) investigate crimes committed through
23	the use of computers and other information
24	technology, including through the use of the
25	Internet; and

1	(B) assist in the prosecution of such
2	crimes; and
3	(2) procure advanced tools of forensic science to
4	investigate, prosecute, and study such crimes.

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